





### Report Notes

- 1. Welcome to the CAA's *Aviation Trends* report. Every quarter we update key metrics which summarise "commercial" aviation activity at the United Kingdom's airports. Please note that the figures may be subject to minor changes in future due to on-going adjustment, revision and updates historic reports will not be reissued.
- 2. The data in this report is compiled by the CAA with the co-operation of UK airport and airline operators. Their assistance is gratefully acknowledged. More detailed data and information regarding the source(s) are available on the CAA's website: https://www.caa.co.uk/data-and-analysis/uk-aviation-market/
- 3. Since the information contained in this report has been acquired from multiple sources, it is not possible for the CAA to check and verify whether it is accurate and correct nor do we undertake to do so. Consequently the CAA cannot accept any liability caused by any person's reliance on it.
- 4. For the purposes of this report the Channel Islands Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney and the Isle of Man are considered domestic aviation and their data is included, despite not formally being part of the United Kingdom.

### 5. Terminal Passengers

- a. Terminal passenger are travellers who board or disembark a commercial flight at a UK reporting airport. Note: domestic passengers are effectively counted twice (on boarding at one UK airport and disembarking at another) and therefore the figures displayed will not reflect the number of "onboard" passengers in the UK aviation market.
- b. Load Factor is calculated by dividing the number of passengers on a flight by the total number of seats expressed as a percentage i.e. reflecting the seat occupancy on flights.

### 6. Air Transport Movements (ATMs)

- c. Similar to Terminal Passengers (above), an ATM between two UK airports i.e. a domestic flight will be counted twice, once on departure and on arrival at the destination airport.
- d. Data excludes Air Taxi flights: this is charter air transport movements performed by aircraft with a Maximum Take Off Weight (MTOW) of below 15 tonnes.
- 7. Cargo Tonnage data represents freight and mail which is transported into and out of the UK on air freighters and in the belly hold of passenger aircraft. Any cargo transiting the UK is not included in the figures.

### 8. Punctuality

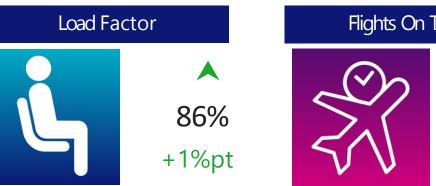
- e. The CAA collects punctuality information from 25 UK airports these are typically the largest airports in terms of movements/passengers. For the full list please visit the link below
- f. In the punctuality data, 'delay' is recorded as the difference between an aircraft's scheduled arrival or departure time and the actual time it reaches or departs the aircraft delay' was measured as the difference between the scheduled time and a calculated time that the aircraft reached/departed the gate by taking the time the aircraft arrived at the runway and a fixed taxi time to/from the gate (see the link below for more information).
- g. In 2018 the CAA began formally collecting flight cancellation information from airport suppliers. Before this data was supplied to the CAA on a voluntary basis. For more information on what formally constitutes a cancellation in the CAA data, please visit the link below.
- h. A flight is deemed to be "on-time" if it arrives or departs from the airport gate within 15 minutes of its scheduled time. The figures displayed in this report are an aggregation of UK arrival and departure punctuality.
- i. Since the CAA only collects information from UK airports, this report contains no information about overseas punctuality. This is pertinent particularly for flights departing the UK where time may be gained (or lost) en-route and therefore the total delay experienced by passengers may vary to that published.
- j. Average delay minutes are calculated from the total minutes of delay recorded by all flights (with early flights counted as zero minutes delay) divided by the total number of flights operated.
- k. More details regarding CAA punctuality statistics can be found here: https://www.caa.co.uk/data-and-analysis/uk-aviation-market/flight-punctuality/uk-flight-punctuality-statistics/
- 9. As some of the trends in this report are long term (30+ years), not all airports consistently reported to the CAA over this period particularly regarding punctuality dataset. Therefore these figures should be used as a guide of national performance and not necessarily the precise results.

# Key performance indicators - Q3 2024 (vs 2023)













The figures on the left show the number of passengers, air transport movements (ATMs) and cargo volumes for the quarter. The load factor (the percentage of seats occupied on flights) and punctuality metrics are also displayed.

The text in green or red show growth rates relative to the same period last year.

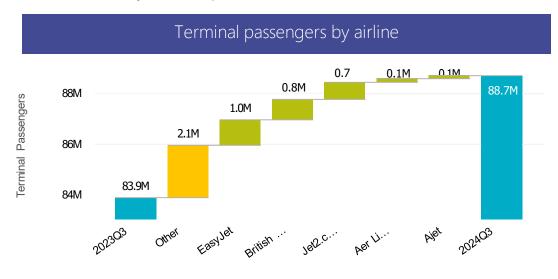
\* A flight is considered "on time" if it arrives or departs the gate within 15 minutes of the scheduled time.

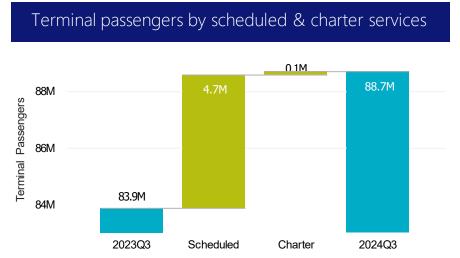
# Terminal passengers Q3 2024

Year-on-year comparison

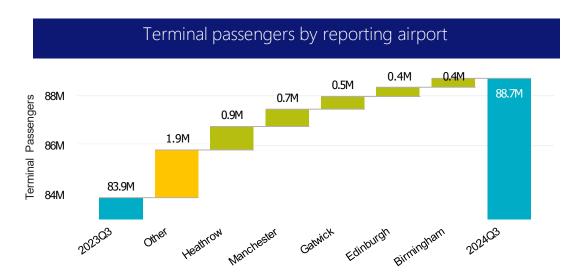


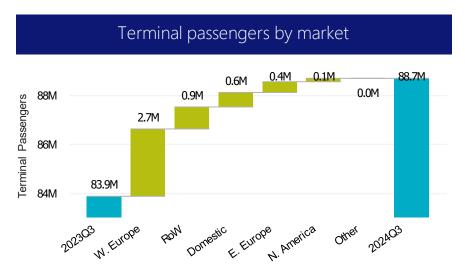






The number of terminal passengers in Q3 was 88.7M up from 83.9M in the same period last year.



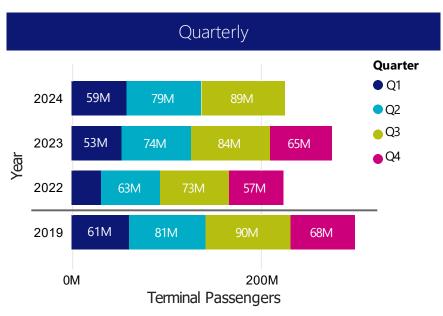


The charts on this page show the distribution of passenger growth across UK airports, airlines, operation type and market. The top 5 contributors are displayed for airports and airlines with the remainder grouped as "Other".

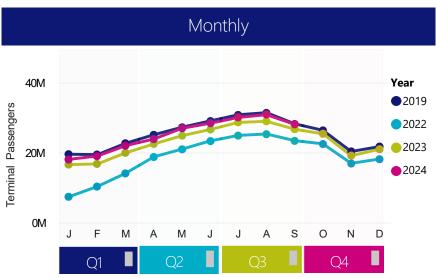
# Terminal passengers

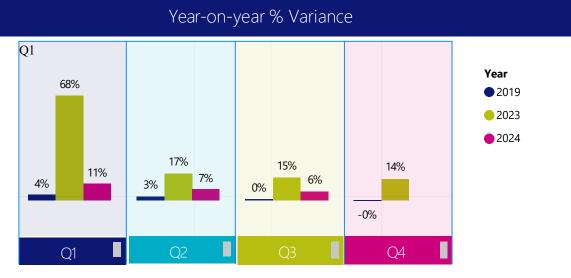
5 Year Trend







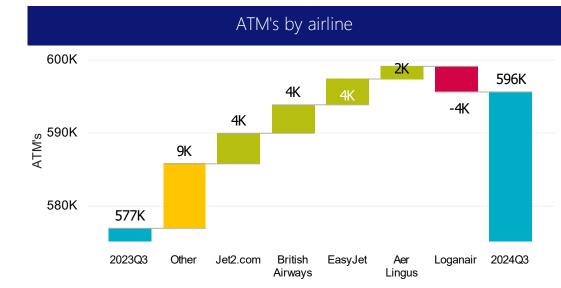


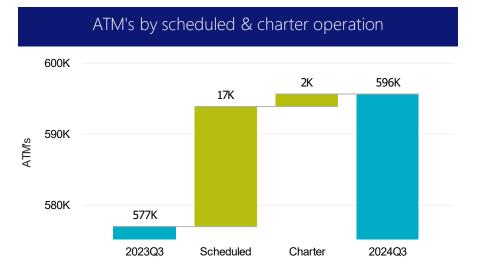


# Air Transport Movements (ATM's) - Q3 2024

Year-on-year comparison

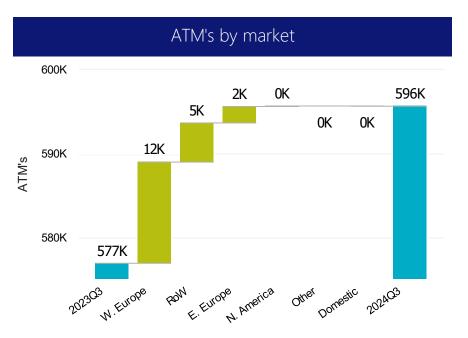






The number of ATMs in Q3 was 596K up from 577K in the same period last year.





The charts on this page show how ATM growth is distributed across UK airports, airlines, operation type and market. The top 5 contributors are displayed for airports and airlines with the remainder grouped as "Other".

# Air Transport Movements (ATM's)

5 Year Trend

Q1





Q2

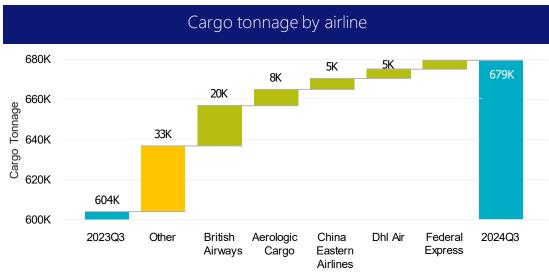
04

Q1

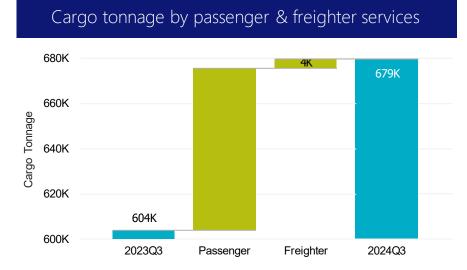
# Cargo Tonnage - Q3 2024

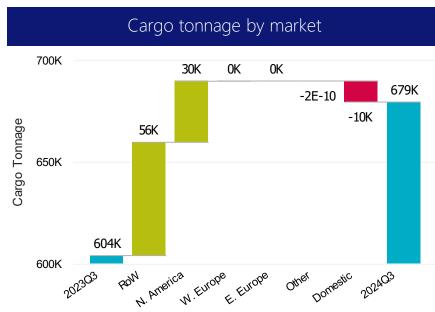
Year-on-year comparison











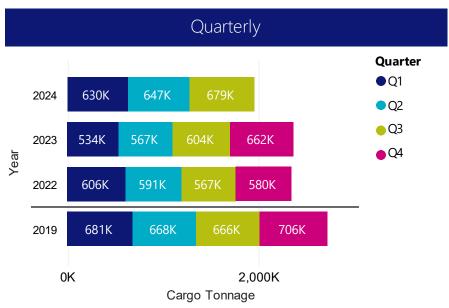
Cargo Tonnage in Q3 was 679K up from 604K in the same period last year.

The charts on this page show how cargo tonnage growth is distributed across UK airports, airlines, operation type and market. The top 5 contributors are displayed for airports and airlines with the remainder grouped as "Other".

# Cargo Tonnage

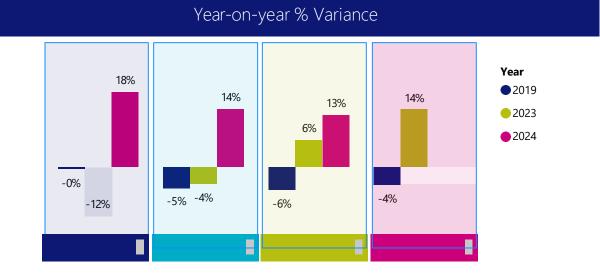
5 Year Trend







# Monthly Year 200K 100K J F M A M J J A S O N D Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4



# Punctuality Trends - Q3 2024

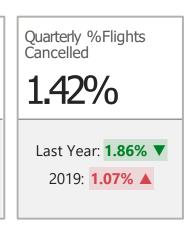
vs Last Year & 2019



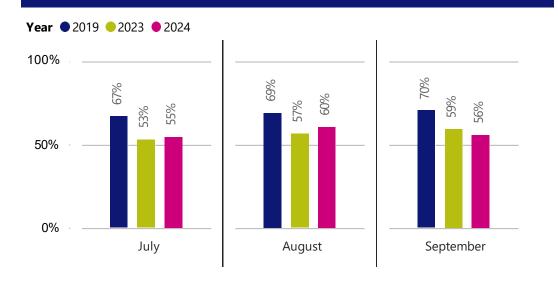
### Quarterly Results



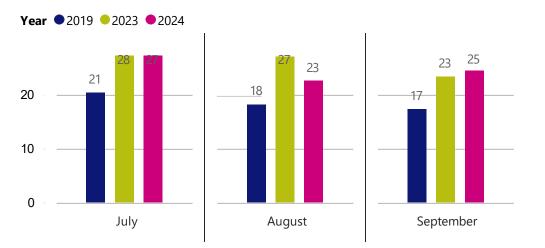




### % On-Time Flights (within 15mins of schedule)



### Average Delay per Flight (mins)



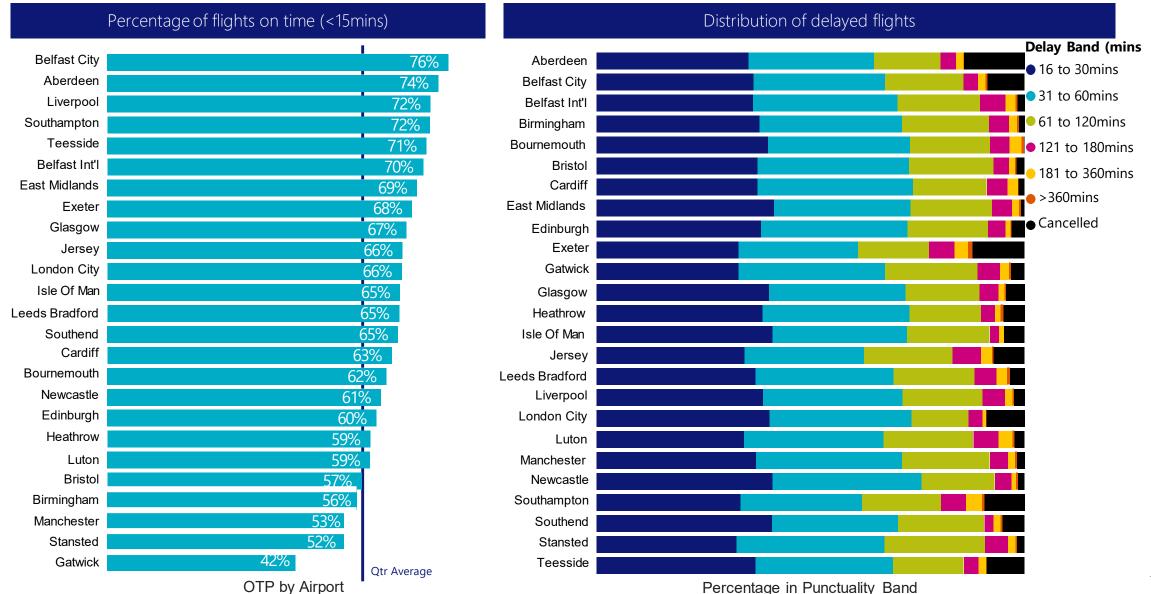
### % Flights Cancelled (inside 24hr before departure)



# Flight Punctuality - Q3 2024 (UK Arrivals & Departures)



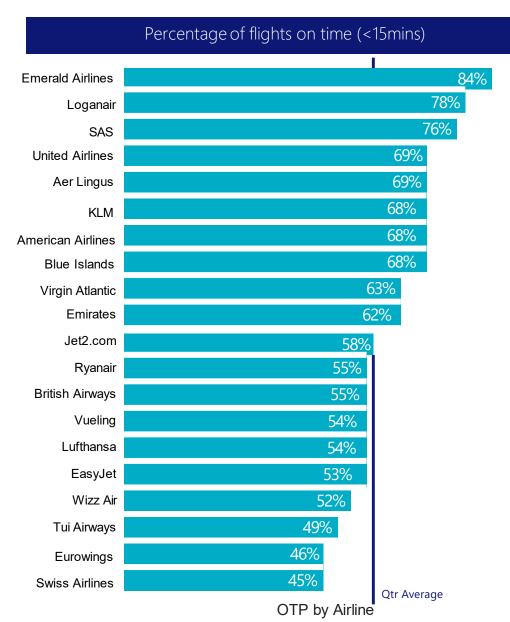
CAA (UK) reporting airports

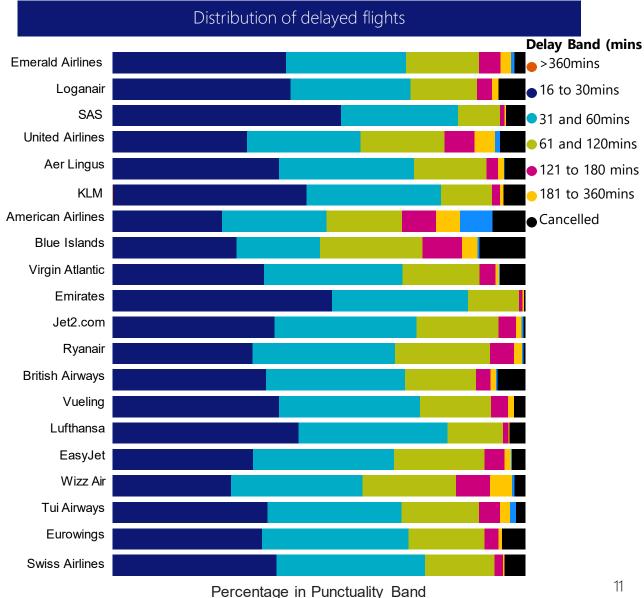


# Flight Punctuality - Q3 2024 (UK Arrivals & Departures)

Authority

*Top 20 largest airlines by ATM's* 

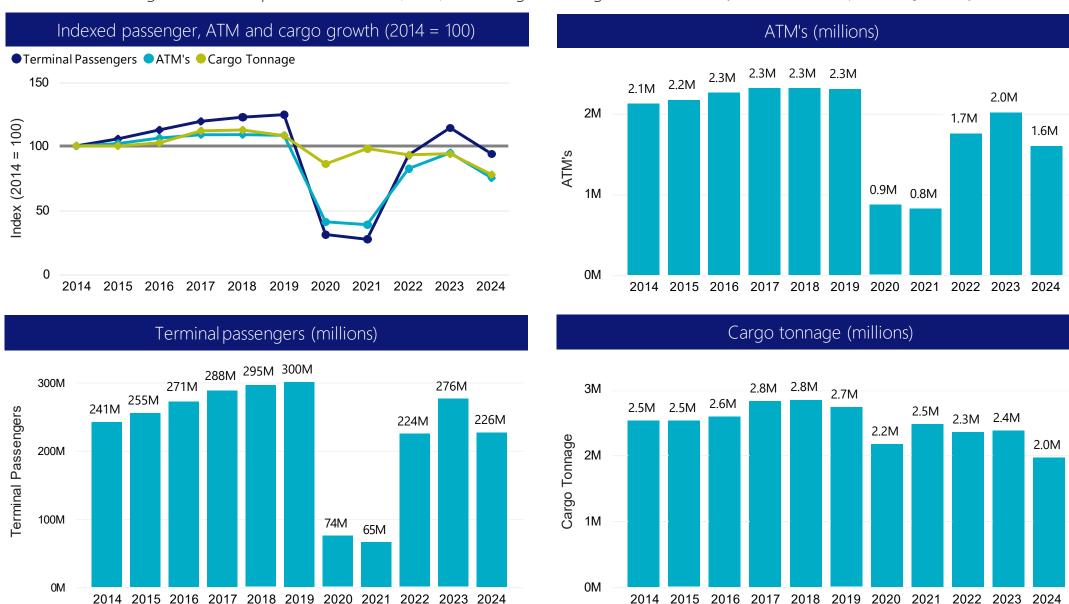




# 10 year trends



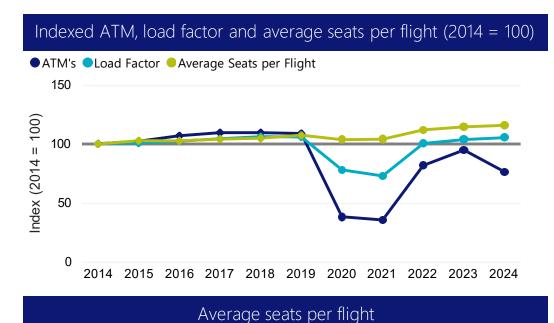
Terminal Passengers, Air Transport Movements (ATM) and Cargo Tonnage (NB: 2024 values are year-to-date and will update throughout the year)



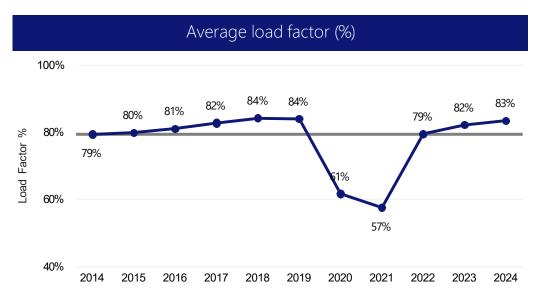
## 10 Year trends



Load Factor & Average Seats per Flight (NB: 2024 values are year-to-date and will update throughout the year)





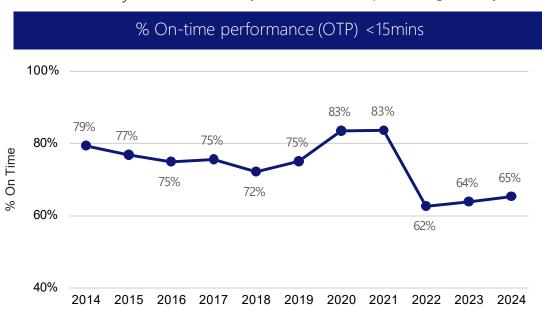


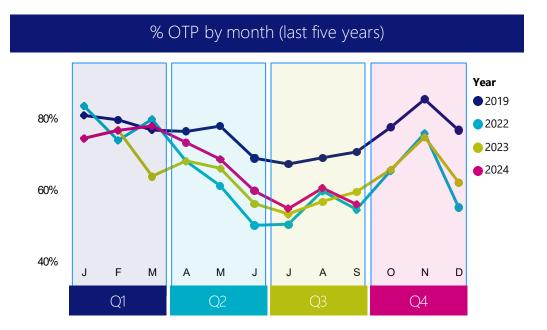
NB: Load Factor (%) represents the proportion of seats on a flight used on a flight i.e. Terminal Passengers / Total Seats.

# 10 Year trends

UK Civil Aviation Authority

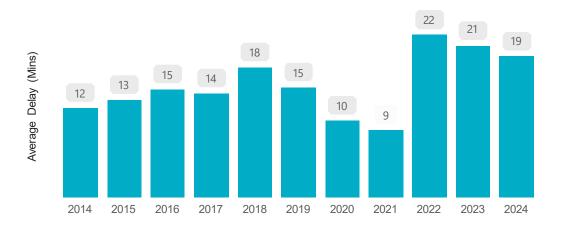
Punctuality (NB: 2024 values are year-to-date and will update throughout the year)

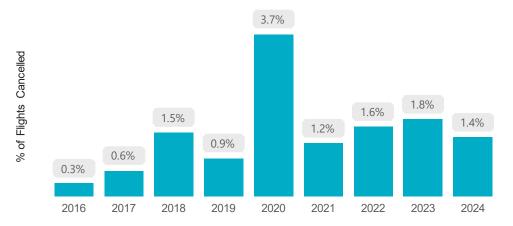




### Average delay minutes per flight

% of flights cancelled (within 24hr before departure)



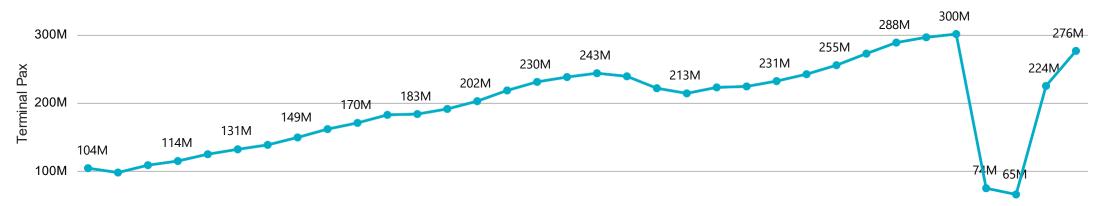


# Trend since 1990 (30+ years)

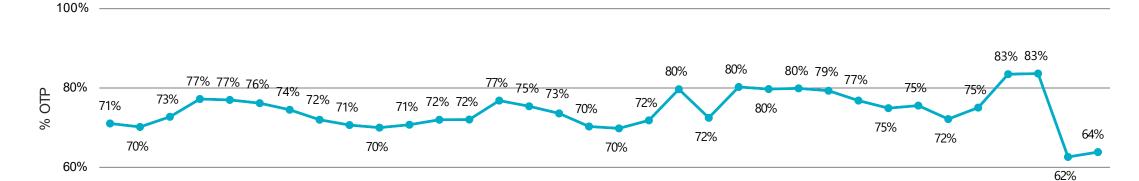


Terminal Passengers and % On-Time Performance

### Annual UK Terminal Passengers (1990 - 2023)



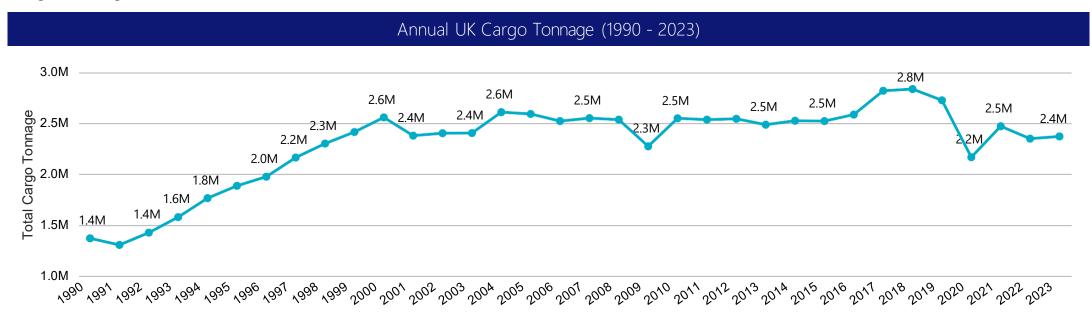
### On-Time Performance (within 15mins of schedule)



# Trends since 1990 (30+ years)



Cargo Tonnage



# Data Tables (Latest Quarter): Terminal Passengers - Q3 2024



Top 25 UK reporting airports				
Reporting Airport	Term. Passengers	% YoY		
Heathrow	23,236,238	4% 🛕		
Gatwick	13,556,752	4%		
Manchester	9,608,814	8%		
Stansted	8,669,686	4%		
Luton	4,956,760	2%		
Edinburgh	4,772,687	9%		
Birmingham	4,102,751	10%		
Bristol	3,454,030	6%		
Glasgow	2,441,477	11%		
Belfast Int'l	2,035,810	13%		
Newcastle	1,708,069	5%		
Liverpool	1,572,663	25%		
East Midlands	1,553,264	4%		
Leeds Bradford	1,466,274	2%		
London City	964,426	7% 🛕		
Aberdeen	660,621	4% <u>A</u> 12% <u>A</u>		
Belfast City	656,725	12%		
Jersey	478,451	-0% <b>V</b>		
Bournemouth	416,112	14%		
Cardiff	332,094	2% <u>^</u> 15% <u>^</u>		
Southampton	251,779	15% 🛕		
Inverness	249,307	3%		
Guernsey	207,046	-2%		
Prestwick	188,927	0%		
Isle Of Man	173,745	6% 🛕		
Total	87,714,508	6%		

Top 25 Airlines					
Airline (groups)	Term. Passengers	% YoY			
EasyJet	17,580,337	6%			
Ryanair	15,946,249	5%			
British Airways	14,439,181	6%			
Jet2.com	7,431,010	10%			
Tui Airways	4,932,803	6%			
Wizz Air	3,076,950	-3%			
Virgin Atlantic	1,569,681	4% 🛕			
Emirates	1,548,548	5%			
Aer Lingus	1,304,815	12%			
KLM	1,219,416	9% 🛕			
American Airlines	1,114,076	2% 🛕			
Vueling	1,044,235	14%			
Lufthansa	1,029,745	-8% ▼			
Qatar Airways	856,909	6%			
United Airlines	806,028	-4%			
Loganair	768,300	-10%			
Turkish Airlines	627,470	-8% ▼			
Sunexpress	556,682	75%			
Air Canada	539,884	-3% ▼			
Delta Airlines	521,437	-5%			
SAS	462,020	-3% ▼			
Swiss Airlines	424,479	-2%			
Eurowings	417,108	16%			
Pegasus Airlines	389,667	14%			
Air France	370,592	1%			
Total	78,977,622	5%			

Top 25 international destinations				
OD Airport Name	Term. Passengers	% YoY		
Palma De Mallorca	2,655,466	5%		
Dublin	2,592,999	2%		
Amsterdam	2,246,827	7% 🛕		
Alicante	1,920,758	12%		
Malaga	1,873,796	5%		
Dubai	1,660,373	4% 🛕		
Faro	1,640,769	-2%		
Barcelona	1,447,145	13%		
Antalya	1,420,166	14%		
Tenerife (Surreina Sofia)	1,370,477	8%		
Dalaman	1,281,474	6%		
New York (Jf Kennedy)	1,238,445	7%		
Paris (Charles De Gaulle)	1,085,689	15%		
Ibiza	970,093	-0%		
Doha Hamad	935,846	8% 🛕		
Lisbon	885,279	5%		
Arrecife	866,884	12%		
Istanbul	823,800	17%		
Corfu	807,079	9% 🛕		
Frankfurt Main	804,305	-7%		
Madrid	798,564	3%		
Rhodes	774,816	15%		
Copenhagen	761,714	8% 🛕		
Nice	711,917	0% 🛕		
Larnaca	651,037	11%		

# Data Tables (Latest Quarter): ATM's - Q3 2024



Top 25 UK Reporting Airports				
Reporting Airport	ATM's ·■•	% YoY		
Heathrow	125,666	3% 🛕		
Gatwick	79,376	1%		
Manchester	56,992	8%		
Stansted	52,703	4%		
Edinburgh	33,587	4% 🛕		
Luton	29,047	1%		
Birmingham	26,681	8% 🛕		
Bristol	22,080	3%		
Glasgow	19,455	7%		
Aberdeen	16,107	5% 🛕		
Belfast Int'l	14,925	7%		
East Midlands	14,439	-6%		
London City	12,104	-3%		
Newcastle	11,395	1%		
Liverpool	10,558	14%		
Leeds Bradford	10,321	4%		
Belfast City	8,033	3%		
Jersey	5,477	-2%		
Guernsey	5,118	13%		
Southampton	4,656	-7%		
Norwich	3,937	-2%		
Sumburgh	3,738	19% 🛕		
Inverness	2,839	-18%		
Kirkwall	2,634	-5%		
Bournemouth	2,574	17%		
Total	574,442	3%		

Top 25 international destinations					
OD Airport Name	ATM's	% YoY			
Dublin	21,254	-1%			
Amsterdam	19,508	2%			
Palma De Mallorca	15,891	7%			
Alicante	11,038	14%			
Malaga	10,836	3%			
Faro	9,841	-2%			
Paris (Charles De Gaulle)	9,611	17%			
Barcelona	8,903	14%			
Antalya	8,308	16%			
Tenerife (Surreina Sofia)	7,421	9%			
Dalaman	7,376	10%			
Frankfurt Main	6,522	-8%			
Ibiza	6,142	-1%			
New York (Jf Kennedy)	5,793	6%			
Copenhagen	5,370	2%			
Lisbon	5,348	-1%			
Arrecife	4,911	17%			
Nice	4,814	-2%			
Corfu	4,709	8%			
Madrid	4,564	1%			
Istanbul	4,446	11%			
Rhodes	4,382	7%			
Dubai	4,024	6%			
Larnaca	3,664	16%			
Doha Hamad	3,284	12%			

ATM's by operation type				
Ор. Туре	ATM's	. <b>_</b> √ % YoY		
Charter	41,694	4%		
Scheduled	553,886	3%		

ATM's by market					
Market	ATM's	% YoY			
	·=(				
W. Europe	355,796	4%			
Domestic	121,686	-0%			
RoW	41,396	13%			
E. Europe	40,693	5%			
N. America	36,016	0%			

# Data Tables (Latest Quarter): Cargo Tonnage - Q3 2024



Cargo Tonn	Cargo Tonnage by UK reporting airport		Top 25 international destinations			
Reporting Airport	Cargo Tonnage	% YoY		OD Airport Name	Cargo Tonnage	% YoY
Heathrow	388,739	8%		New York (Jf Kennedy)	39,908	20%
East Midlands	96,547	2%		Dubai	34,446	19%
Stansted	80,052	17%		Doha Hamad	33,066	10%
Gatwick	31,870	88%		Leipzig	32,335	15%
Manchester	24,897	32%		Los Angeles International	23,623	28%
Birmingham	14,191	163%		Chicago (O'Hare)	16,370	4%
Belfast Int'l	9,046	-0%	$\overline{}$	Istanbul	14,524	-8%
Bournemouth	7,987	97%		Bahrain	14,247	31%
Luton	7,843	27%		Cologne Bonn	14,242	-6%
Edinburgh	7,595	-19%		Shanghai (Pu Dong)	13,639	30%
Glasgow	2,624	107%		Delhi	13,026	52%
Prestwick	2,212	-9%	$\overline{}$	Singapore	12,564	13%
Aberdeen	1,587	56%		Guangzhou Baiyun International	11,923	11%
Newcastle	1,548	73%		Mumbai	11,738	30%
Guernsey	600	0%		Hong Kong (Chek Lap Kok)	10,975	-11%
Sumburgh	355	17%		Beijing	10,888	43%
Inverness	342	-70%	$\overline{}$	Miami International	10,530	45%
Exeter	265	-67%	$\overline{}$	Abu Dhabi International	10,518	7%
Stornoway	232	-15%	$\overline{\nabla}$	Paris (Charles De Gaulle)	10,353	2%
Teesside	210	258%		Brussels	9,877	-7%
Kirkwall	187	-31%	$\overline{}$	Cincinnati	9,868	14%
Benbecula	147	12%		Toronto	9,206	-1%
Jersey	113	-64%	$\overline{}$	Memphis	8,814	18%
Islay	102	5%		Tokyo (Haneda)	8,448	17%
Alderney	27	8%		Dallas/Fort Worth	8,222	-12%
Total	679,317	13%				

Cargo Tonnage by operation type				
Ор. Туре	Cargo Tonnage	% YoY		
Scheduled	641,446	12%		
Charter	37,947	27%		

Cargo Tonnage by market				
Market	Cargo Tonnage	% YoY		
RoW	314,348	22%		
N. America	212,735	16%		
W. Europe	122,679	0%		
Domestic	28,382	-27%	$\checkmark$	
E. Europe	1,249	2%		